Name
Use your Fact Files to determine which antonym is correct. Circle the correct one.

1. Killer whales live in (small large ) family groups.
2. The manta ray leaps (up down) in the air when it plays.
3. When threatened, the octopus uses a cloud of ( black white) ink to escape.
4. Dolphins can be ( noisy quiet) when they communicate.
5. The blue whale is the (smallest largest) mammal.
6. The blue whale is (bigger smaller) than the largest dinosaur.
7. Sea lions are (horrible great) swimmers.
8. The great white shark lives in (warm cool) oceans.
9. If the polar bear stays on land in the summer, it gets (hot cold ).
10. Walking on land for the penguin is (slower faster) than swimming.
I I. Very (few many) of the swordfish's offspring survive.
11. Manatees are ( nice mean) creatures.

Name $\qquad$
Write a rhyming word in the blank next to the following words.
pool $\qquad$ sea
sea star $\qquad$ whale $\qquad$
reef ocean
shark $\qquad$ crab $\qquad$
squid $\qquad$ fish


Name
Combine the words in the word box to create compound words of things that are found in or near the ocean.

| salt | shore | land | main | water | life |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| sun | mass | under | wild | hole | sea |
| blow | water | off | light | land | bird |

## 1. seashore

 6. $\qquad$2. $\qquad$ 7. $\qquad$
3. $\qquad$ 8. $\qquad$
4. $\qquad$ 9. $\qquad$
5. $\qquad$

Using each word shown, write 3 or more compound words. The word shown can be in the front or the back of the word.


Name
List 3 words that rhyme with the last word of the sentence in the space to the right. Then on the lines write a second sentence using one of those words to finish the rhyme.

1. The whale was swimming in a great big group.
2. Manatees like to keep things slow.
3. The leatherback is a turtle that's big.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
4. The male seahorse is quite a Dad.
5. To stun its prey is the swordfish's way.

## Name

$\qquad$
Change the verb to its correct tense for the sentence. Using the information in your Fact Files, determine if the sentence could be true or not. Circle $T$ for true and $F$ for false.

1. The salmon (swim) _ up the river last night.
2. The sperm whale (dive) ___ deep when it chases the giant squid.
3. Yesterday, the sea lions (play) ___ in the T F sun all day.
4. The polar bear (eat) ___ T F when the penguin startled it.
5. The manatee (swim) __ very quickly. T F
6. Hopefully, we (know) $\qquad$
more about the whale shark in the future.
7. The man-of-war (catch)__ its prey with $T \quad F$ its tentacles.
8. The walrus (need) ___ to lose weight to T F keep warm.
9. A true helper, the male seahorse (carry) the female's eggs in his brood pouch.
10. When the elephant seal thought it was in danger, it T F (make) _ a loud noise with its flippers.

Name
Write the correct vowels to make the long o sound:
b___ +
foll $\qquad$
__val
h__I_
rains __ _
c__ +
P _-tat -

Name
Write the correct vowels to make the long a sound:
fem _l_
or _ _ fish
m $\qquad$ m_d_ m __l_
br__ n
tr __ _ I
$\mathrm{p}-\mathrm{Z}^{\mathrm{nt}}$

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Name
Write the correct vowels to make the long $u$ sound:

h__man
f__
$c$ __be
$\dagger$

m __ sic
f __ ture
ref__s_

$\mathrm{am} \ldots \mathrm{S}$
h__
m__ 1
$h \ldots$ mid

purs


Name
Write the correct vowels to make the long $i$ sound:  $i, i-e, y, i g h$.

$r$ _——— ${ }^{+}$ why __ + _
prov__ world __ d _ +_ m _ coast l __n _
fl $\qquad$


Name

Write the correct vowels to make the long e sound:
$\mathrm{m}=\ldots t$ monk $\qquad$
$s$ ___ horse
$y$ ——rs
f___der

1 _ ve
b
-
$b$
-
fr___ze
f___ ${ }^{+}$
s___ stars
$k$ _ — $p$
s___w__d
overh ___ +
k $\qquad$
s___ls
turk _ _ _


Name
Sentences must have a predicate part and a subject part．If a sentence is missing one of these parts it is called a fragment．Read the following fragments． Add words to each fragment to make a complete sentence．Use your Fact Files for ideas．

I．The salmon
$\qquad$
2．rests on rocks in the sun． $\qquad$
$\qquad$
3．lives in the Antarctic． $\qquad$
$\qquad$
4．Ocean mammals $\qquad$
$\qquad$
5．eat plankton． $\qquad$

6．Vertebrates $\qquad$

Name
Read each line. If the words make a complete
sentence, write complete on the line. If the words do not make a complete sentence, add words to the fragment to make it a complete sentence.
I. Fish in the ocean.
2. Dolphins are small whales.
3. The manatee shallow water.
4. Like to eat fish. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Name $\qquad$
When you list three or more items in a sentence, you separate them with a comma. This is also true of three or more actions. Add commas to the following sentences.

1. The penguin polar bear and walrus live in cold regions.
2. The California sea lions are known to play swim and sunbathe.
3. The walrus California sea lion and northern elephant seal are all pinnepeds.
4. The male sea horse nurtures protects and carries the seahorse eggs.
5. The bottle-nosed dolphin swims jumps and plays in the ocean.
6. Killer whales blue whales and sperm whales are all mammals.


Name
A possessive noun names who or what owns something.

Add 's to make most singular nouns possessive.
Add ' to make most plural nouns possessive.
Add's to plural nouns that don't end in s.
Make the underlined words possessive.
I. The polar bears homes.
2. The fish mouth.
3. The manatee food.
4. The whales enemy.
5. The sea lions babies. $\qquad$
6. The dolphin mate.
7. The penguin rocks.
8. The seahorse pouch.


Name
Imagine you are an ocean animal.
What ocean animal would you be?
I am afn)

This is what I look like: $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(Use a separate piece of paper to draw what you look like.)
This is a story about where I live. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Name
A haiku poem has three lines. Each line contains a set number of syllables.

Line I: five syllables
Line 2: seven syllables
Line 3: five syllables
Example: In the ocean blue swimming fishes jump and play in their wonderland.

Write a haiku poem about the ocean.

Draw a picture to illustrate your poem, using a separate sheet.

Name
A cinquain poem has five lines. Each line contains a set number of syllables.

Line I: two syllables
Line 2: four syllables
Line 3: six syllables
Example:
Dolphins
Bottle-noses
Diving in the ocean
Line 4: eight syllables
Line 5: two syllables
Whistling, clicking to each other
Friendly

Write a cinquain poem about an ocean.

Draw a picture to illustrate your poem, using a separate sheet.

Name $\qquad$
An adjective is a word that describes a noun.
Adjectives can describe how a person, place, or thing looks, feels, sounds, tastes, or smells.

$$
\text { tall tree salty chips } \quad \text { dry heat }
$$

Choose the best adjective from the list below to fill in the blanks. Use your Fact Files.

| black | huge | hard | gentle | largest |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

I. The $\qquad$ living fish is the whale shark.
2. The octopus released a cloud of ink and swam away.

3. The $\qquad$ manatee swam through the water.
4. The $\qquad$ walrus weighs up to 3,696 pounds.
5. The clam is protected by its shell.
$\qquad$

Name $\qquad$
Choose 3 adjectives from the list that describe a manatee. Use your Fact Files.
Choose 3 adjectives from the list that describe a dolphin. Use your Fact Files.

| intelligent | gentle | quick |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| rare | slow | playful |

Adjectives that describe a manatee:


Write a sentence about a manatee using one of the adjectives. $\qquad$
Adjectives that describe a dolphin:


Write a sentence about a dolphin using one of the adjectives.

Name
Sentences that ask a question end with a question mark (?). Write a question mark after the sentences that ask a question. If the sentence does not ask a question, write a period (.).
I. Do you want to look for seashells $\qquad$
2. We saw dolphins playing in the water $\qquad$

3. Where did the octopus hide $\qquad$
4. How many oceans are there $\qquad$
5. When dolphins communicate with each other they make clicking sounds

6. When will we see the killer whale $\qquad$
7. Who wants to build a sand castle $\qquad$
8. A whale shark is the biggest living fish $\qquad$

9. What do Atlantic salmon like to eat $\qquad$

